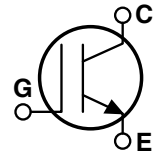
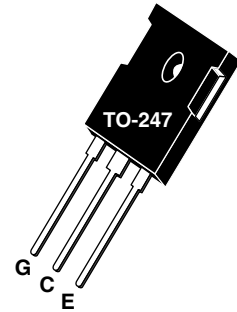


POWER MOS 7[®] IGBT

The POWER MOS 7[®] IGBT is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Punch Through Technology this IGBT is ideal for many high frequency, high voltage switching applications and has been optimized for high frequency switchmode power supplies.

- **Low Conduction Loss**
- **Low Gate Charge**
- **Ultrafast Tail Current shutoff**
- **100 kHz operation @ 800V, 14A**
- **50 kHz operation @ 800V, 25A**
- **RBSOA rated**



MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT35GP120B(G)	UNIT
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	1200	Volts
V_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 20	
V_{GEM}	Gate-Emitter Voltage Transient	± 30	
I_{C1}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	96	Amps
I_{C2}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	46	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ^① @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	140	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	140A @ 960V	
P_D	Total Power Dissipation	543	Watts
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$)	1200			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1\text{mA}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	3	4.5	6	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 35\text{A}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)		3.3	3.9	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 35\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)		3		
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^②			250	μA
	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ^②			2500	
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$)			± 100	nA

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT35GP120B(G)

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	Capacitance $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		3240		pF	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance			248			
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			31			
V_{GEP}	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	Gate Charge $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 600V$ $I_C = 35A$		7.5		V	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge ^③			150		nC	
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge			21			
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			62			
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 5\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 960V$	140			A	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C) $V_{CC} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 35A$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$		16		ns	
t_r	Current Rise Time			20			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			94			
t_f	Current Fall Time			40			
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④				750		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤				1305		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥				680		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time		Inductive Switching (125°C) $V_{CC} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 35A$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$		16		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			20			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			147			
t_f	Current Fall Time			75			
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^④				750		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑤				2132		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑥				1744		

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			.23	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)			N/A	
W_T	Package Weight			5.90	gm

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② For Combi devices, I_{ces} includes both IGBT and FRED leakages

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.

④ E_{on1} is the clamped inductive turn-on-energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. (See Figure 24.)

⑤ E_{on2} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)

⑥ E_{off} is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)

Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT35GP120B(G)

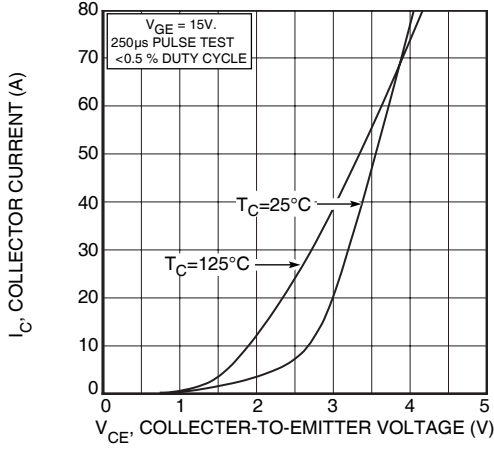


FIGURE 1, Output Characteristics ($V_{GE} = 15V$)

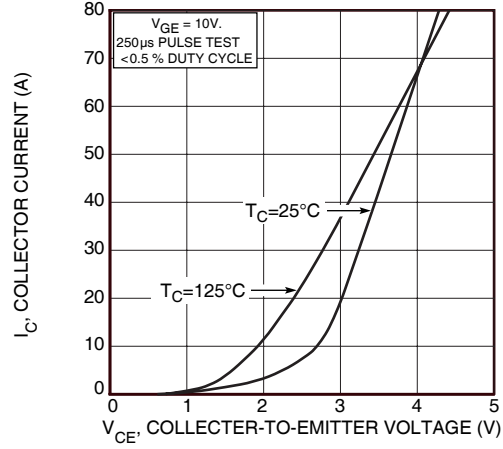


FIGURE 2, Output Characteristics ($V_{GE} = 10V$)

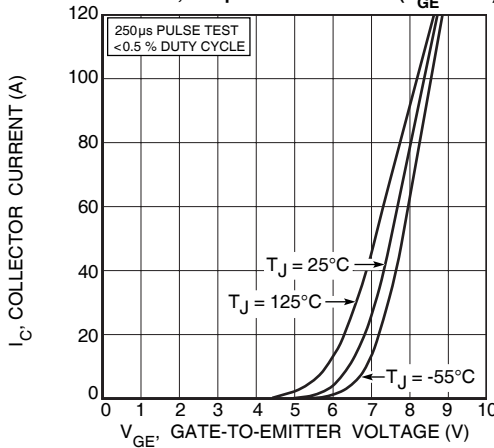


FIGURE 3, Transfer Characteristics

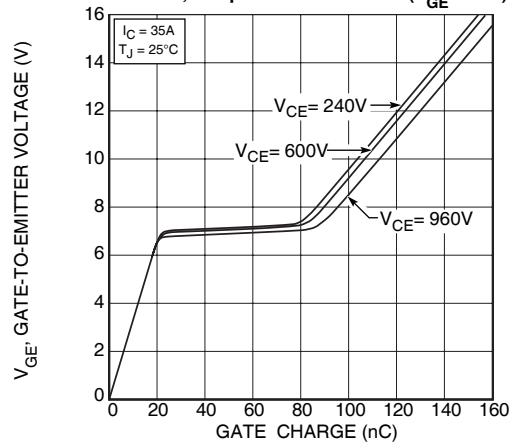


FIGURE 4, Gate Charge

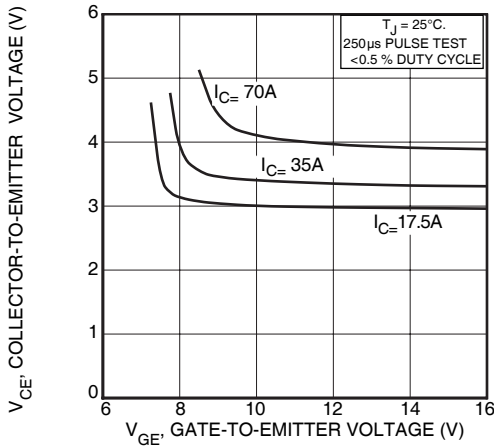


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

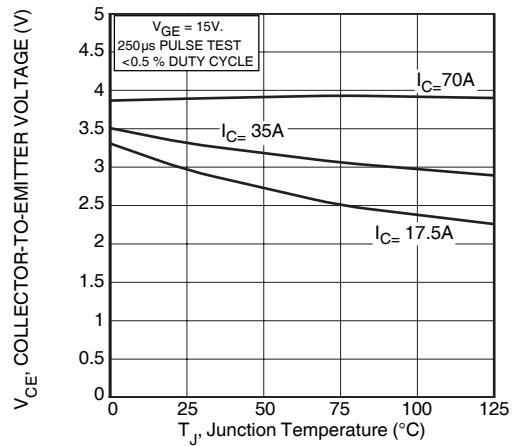


FIGURE 6, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature

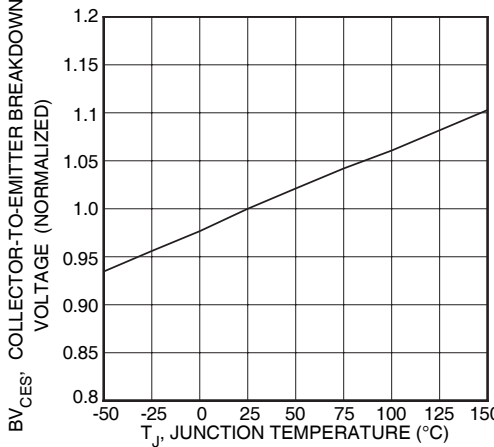


FIGURE 7, Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

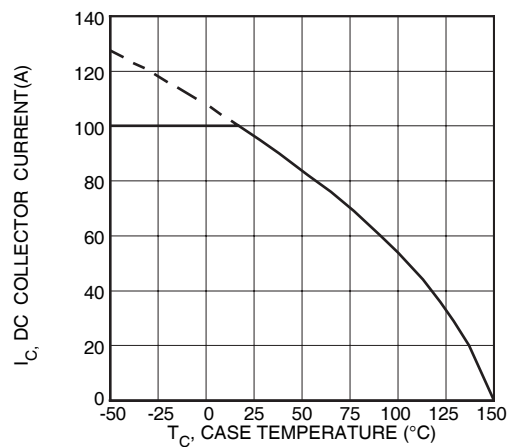


FIGURE 8, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature

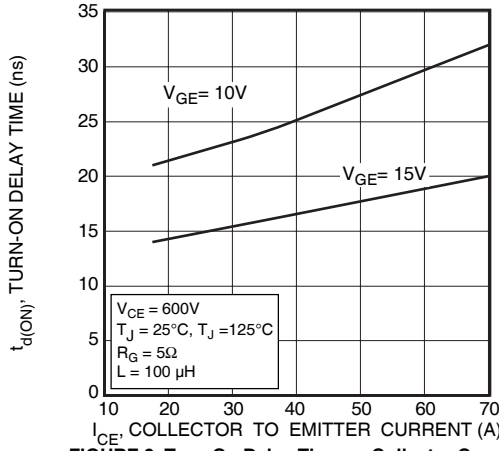


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

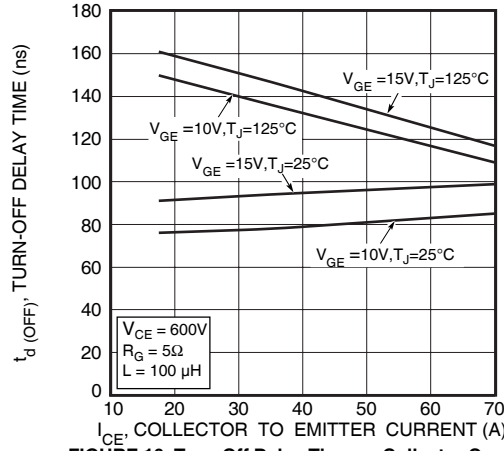


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

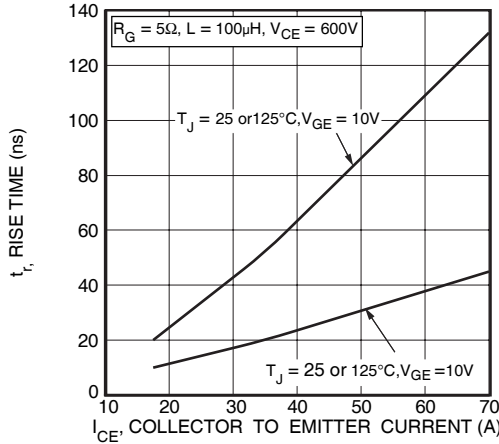


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

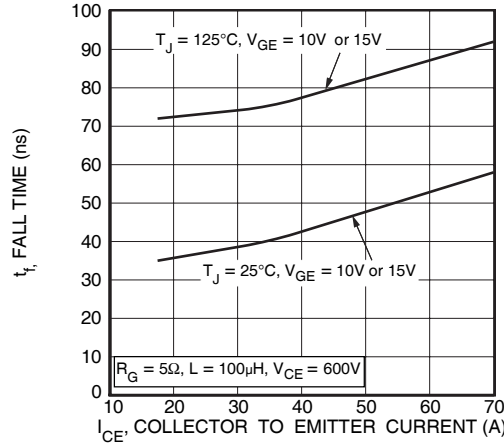


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

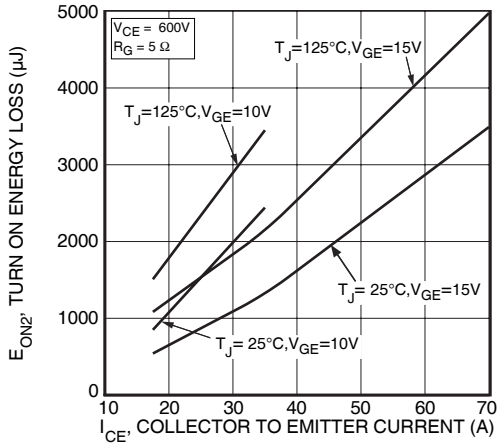


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

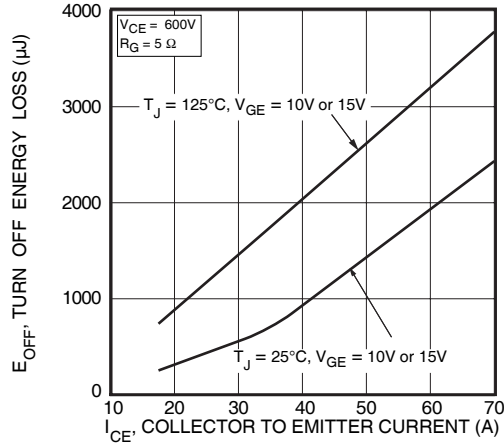


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

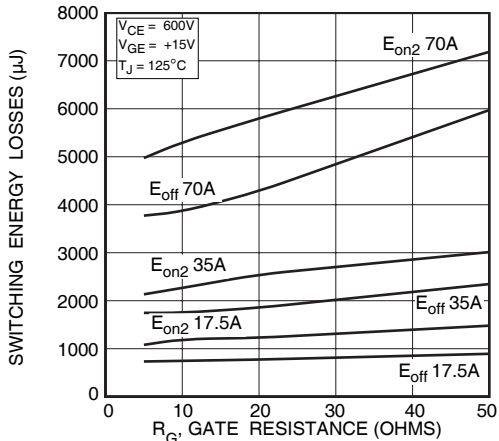


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

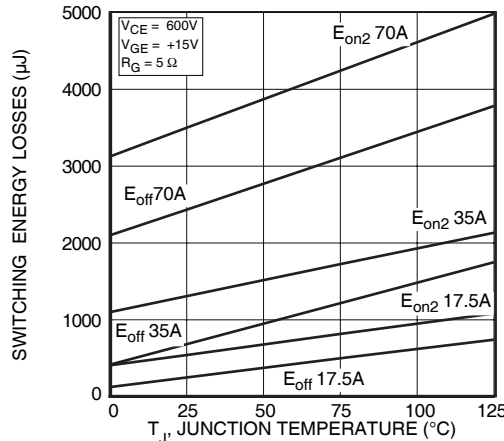


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT35GP120B(G)

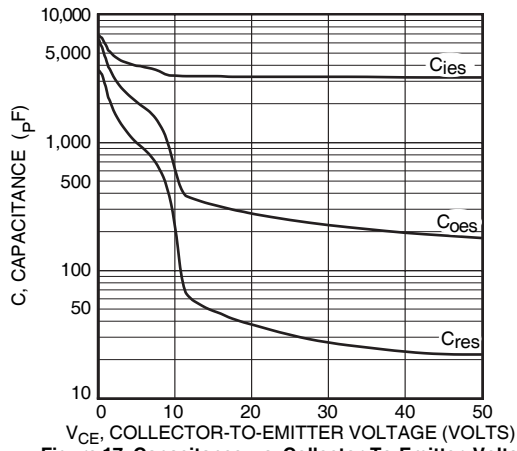


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

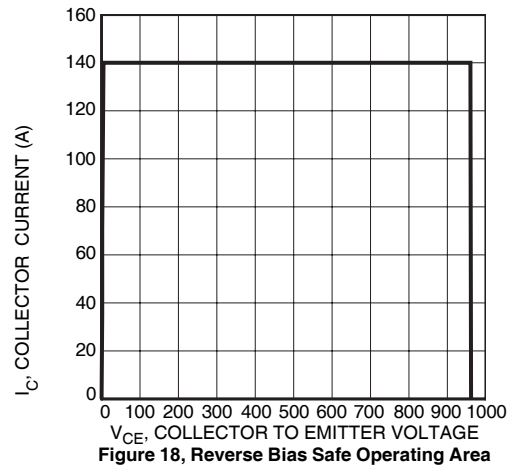


Figure 18, Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

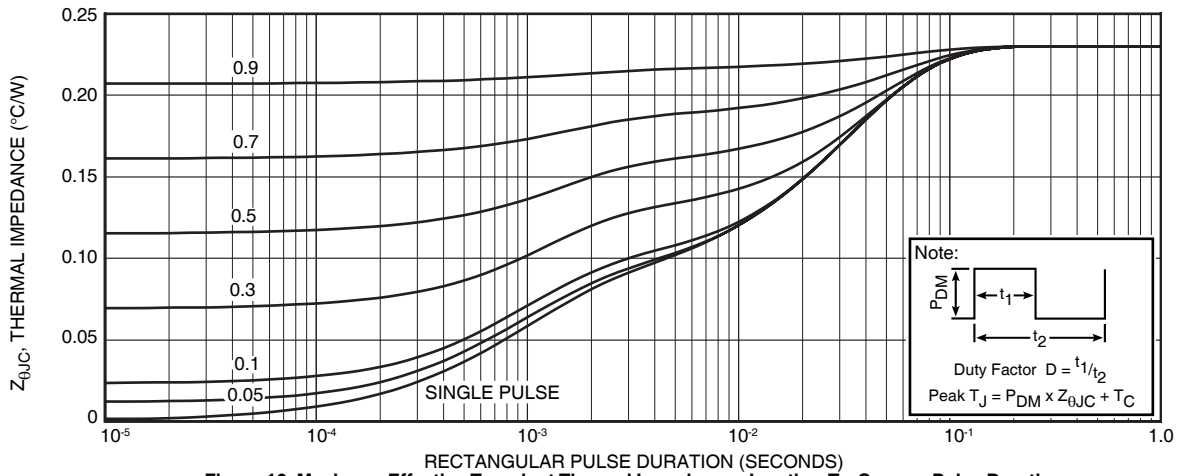


Figure 19, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

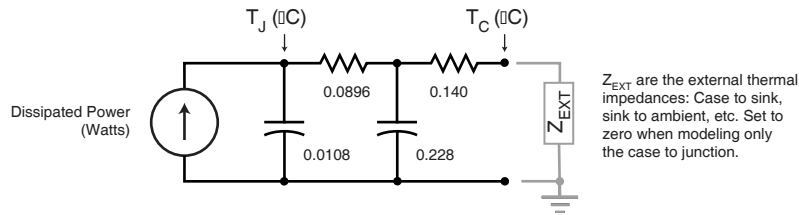


FIGURE 19B, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

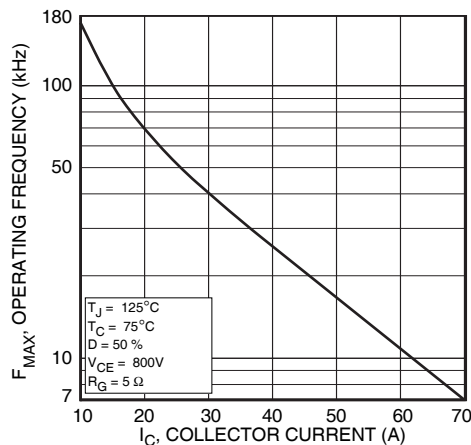


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

$$F_{max} = \min(f_{max1}, f_{max2})$$

$$f_{max1} = \frac{0.05}{t_{d(on)} + t_r + t_{d(off)} + t_f}$$

$$f_{max2} = \frac{P_{diss} - P_{cond}}{E_{on2} + E_{off}}$$

$$P_{diss} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{R_{\theta JC}}$$

$T_J = 125^\circ C$
 $T_C = 75^\circ C$
 $D = 50\%$
 $V_{CE} = 800V$
 $R_G = 5 \Omega$

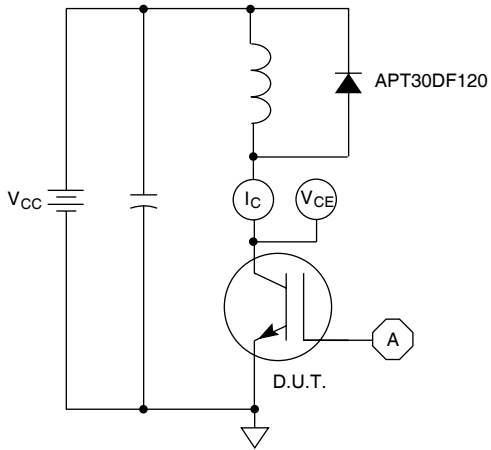


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

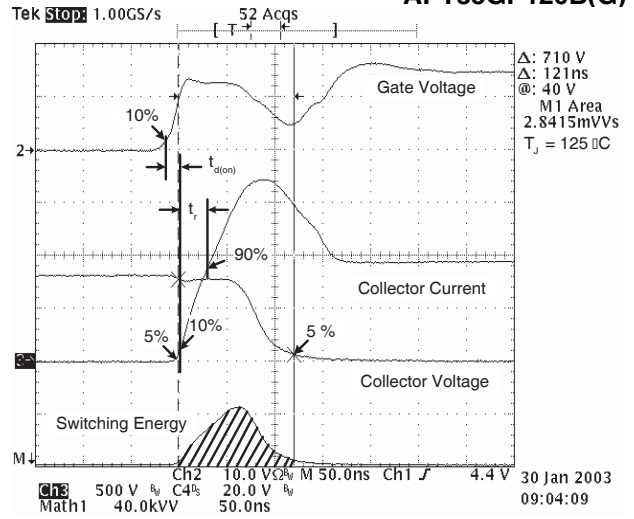


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

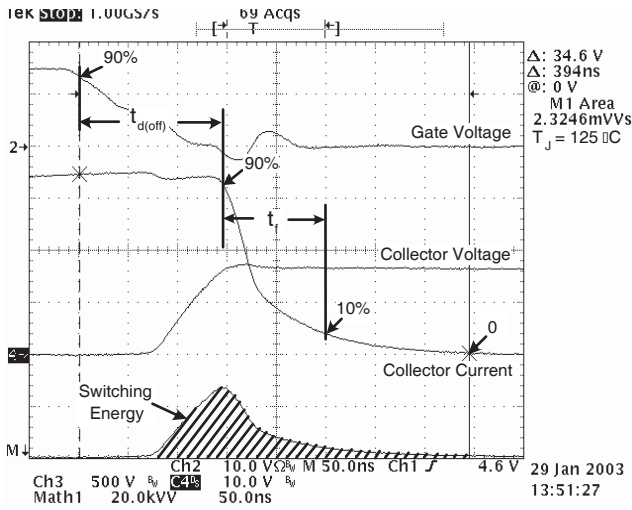


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

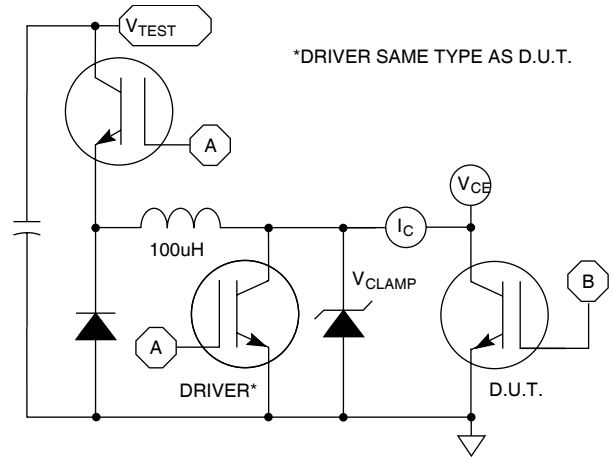
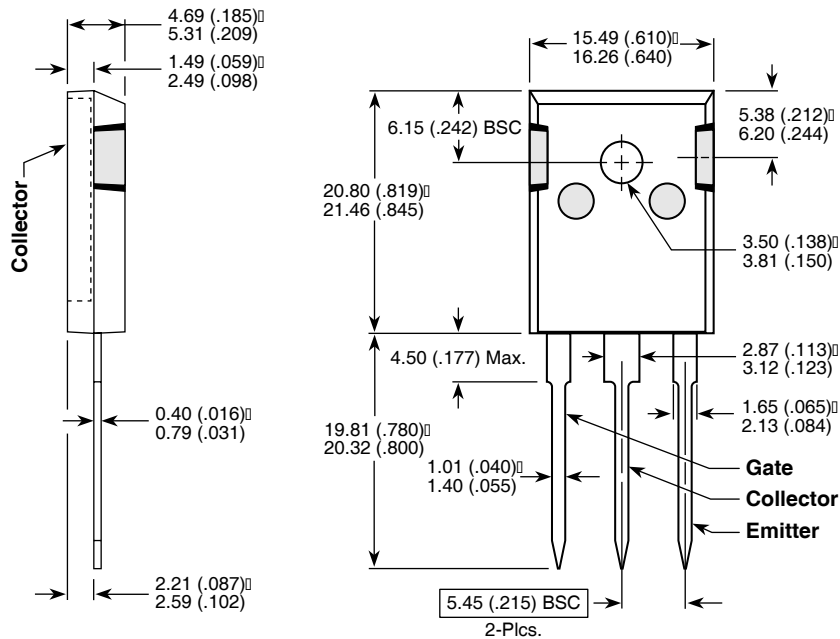


Figure 24, E_{ON1} Test Circuit

T0-247 Package Outline

e1 SAC: Tin, Silver, Copper



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

Microsemi's products are covered by one or more of U.S. patents 4,895,810 5,045,903 5,089,434 5,182,234 5,019,522,262,336 6,503,786 5,256,583 4,748,103 5,283,202 5,231,474 5,434,095 5,528,058 and foreign patents. US and Foreign patents pending. All Rights Reserved.